## SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **GF Oil Stain Warm Cherry**



#### Section 1. Identification

**GHS** product identifier

: GF Oil Stain Warm Cherry

Other means of identification

: Not available.

**Product type** 

: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : Oil-based stain.

**Manufacturer** : General Finishes

> 2462 Corporate Circle East Troy, WI 53120

U.S.A.

Phone no.: 262-642-4545 Toll free no.: 1-800-783-6050 Fax no.: 262-642-4707 Web: GeneralFinishes.com

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of : CHEMTREC, U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 (24/7)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

operation)

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

International: +1-703-527-3887

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

**GHS label elements** 

**Hazard pictograms** 







Signal word : Danger

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. **Hazard statements** 

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H340 - May cause genetic defects.

H350 - May cause cancer.

**Precautionary statements** 



#### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Prevention** 

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling

equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

P272 (OSHA) - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P302 + P352 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

**Hazards not otherwise** 

classified

: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Other means of

identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Product code : Not available.

| Ingredient name                             | %       | CAS number |
|---|---------|------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | 30 - 60 | 64742-47-8 |
| Stoddard solvent                            | 5 - 10  | 8052-41-3  |
| Manganese dioxide                           | 1 - 5   | 1313-13-9  |
| Crystalline silica, quartz                  | 0.1 - 1 | 14808-60-7 |
| 2-Butanone oxime                            | 0.1 - 1 | 96-29-7    |
| Ethylbenzene                                | 0.1 - 1 | 100-41-4   |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy     | 0.1 - 1 | 64742-48-9 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower **Eye contact** 

eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation

occurs.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not

> breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If

unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position Ingestion

comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Eye contact Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation

redness

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

> suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)





### **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet or water-based fire extinguishers.

# Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

# Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

# Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

- : Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.



### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name                             | Exposure limits   |
|---|---|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | OSHA PEL (United States).   |
|   | TWA: 213 ppm  |
|   | TWA: 1200 mg/m³   |
|   | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). Absorbed through skin.               |
|   | TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.                   |
| Stoddard solvent                            | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).                                      |
|   | TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours.   |
|   | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.   |
|   | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).                                     |
|   | CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  |
|   | TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours.  |
|   | OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).                                       |
|   | TWA: 2900 mg/m³ 8 hours.  |
|   | TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.   |
| Manganese dioxide                           | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).                                     |
|   | STEL: 3 mg/m³, (as Mn) 15 minutes. Form: Fertilizer and/or industrial   |
|   | use.  |
|   | TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Mn) 10 hours. Form: Fertilizer and/or industrial use. |
|   | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).                                      |
|   | TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction               |
|   | TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction             |
|   | OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).                                       |
|   | CEIL: 5 mg/m³, (as Mn) ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2013).               |
|   | TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (Mn) 8 hours. Form: Respirable                         |
|   | TVVA. 0.02 mg/m, (wm) o nours. Form. Respirable                         |



### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Crystalline silica, quartz

2-Butanone oxime

Ethylbenzene

OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable dust **OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).**TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skin sensitizer.

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

None.

Hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics, < 0,1% of benzene, < 1% of n-hexane and < 0,5% of aromatic hydrocarbons

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.



### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid.

Color : Warm cherry. Odor : Hydrocarbon. Not available. **Odor threshold** pΗ : Not available. **Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point** : >145°C (>293°F)

: Closed cup: 40.556°C (105°F) [Pensky-Martens.] Flash point

**Evaporation rate** Not available. : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure Not available. : >1 [Air = 1] Vapor density **Relative density** : 0.83 to 0.95

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

: Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **Viscosity** : Not available. **VOC** content : 547.902 g/L

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous** reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, reducing

materials, combustible materials, acids and alkalis.





### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name               | Result                             | Species | Dose                                 | Exposure     |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| Manganese dioxide<br>2-Butanone oxime | LD50 Oral<br>LD50 Oral             |         | 3478 mg/kg<br>930 mg/kg              | -            |
| Ethylbenzene                          | LD50 Dermal                        | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg                          | -            |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated     | LD50 Oral<br>LC50 Inhalation Vapor |         | 3500 mg/kg<br>8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | -<br>4 hours |
| heavy                                 | LD50 Oral                          | Rat     | >6 g/kg                              | -            |

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| Stoddard solvent        | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 100 ppm         | -           |
| 2-Butanone oxime        | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 100 μL          | -           |
| Ethylbenzene            | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 500 mg          | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 15 mg  | -           |

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

#### **Classification**

| Product/ingredient name               | OSHA | IARC | NTP                             | ACGIH | EPA | NIOSH |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|---------------------------------|-------|-----|-------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated | -    | -    | -                               | A3    | -   | -     |
| light                                 |      |      |                                 |       |     |       |
| Umber                                 | -    | -    | -                               | A4    | -   | -     |
| Manganese dioxide                     | -    | -    | -                               | A4    | -   | -     |
| Aluminium oxide                       | -    | -    | -                               | A4    | -   | -     |
| Crystalline silica, quartz            | -    | 1    | Known to be a human carcinogen. | A2    | -   | +     |
| Ethylbenzene                          | -    | 2B   | -                               | A3    | -   | None. |

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                       |            | Route of exposure | Target organs                         |
|----------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Crystalline silica, quartz | Category 1 |                   | kidneys, respiratory tract and testes |

#### **Aspiration hazard**





### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

| Name             | Result   |
|------------------|--|
| Stoddard solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects :

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Potential delayed effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Potential chronic health effects

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity**: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Route | ATE value                   |
|-------|-----------------------------|
|       | 42429.8 mg/kg<br>933.5 mg/L |





### **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name                     | Result  | Species  | Exposure   |
|---|---|--|--|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | Acute LC50 2200 μg/L Fresh water  | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus   | 4 days   |
| 2-Butanone oxime<br>Ethylbenzene            | Acute LC50 843000 to 914000 µg/L Fresh water Acute EC50 4600 µg/L Fresh water Acute EC50 3600 µg/L Fresh water Acute EC50 2970 µg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 5200 µg/L Marine water Acute LC50 4200 µg/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/L Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours<br>72 hours<br>96 hours<br>48 hours<br>48 hours<br>96 hours |

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name  | LogPow                      | BCF                                | Potential                  |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Stoddard solvent 2-Butanone oxime Ethylbenzene Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated | 3.16 to 7.06<br>0.63<br>3.6 | -<br>2.5 to 5.8<br>-<br>10 to 2500 | high<br>low<br>low<br>high |
| heavy  |                             |                                    |                            |

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**



### **Section 14. Transport information**

|                               | DOT Classification   | IMDG   | IATA   |
|-------------------------------|--|--------|--------|
| UN number                     | UN1263   | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name       | PAINT RQ (Xylene)  | PAINT  | PAINT  |
| Transport<br>hazard class(es) | 3  | 3      | 3      |
| Packing group                 | III  | III    | III    |
| Environmental hazards         | No.  | No.    | No.    |
| Additional information        | This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.  Reportable quantity 15295.2 lbs / 6944 kg [2061.1 gal / 7802.3 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. |        | -      |

**AERG**: 128

**DOT-RQ Details** : Xylene 100 lbs / 45.4 kg [13.946 gal / 52.791 L]

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: TSCA 4(a) final test rules: Nonane

TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Nonane

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Ethylbenzene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Ethylbenzene; Xylene; Propionic acid

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class I Substances





### Section 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

Olass II Gabstarices

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 302/304

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### Composition/information on ingredients

| Name  | Fire hazard | Sudden<br>release of<br>pressure | Reactive | Immediate<br>(acute)<br>health<br>hazard | Delayed<br>(chronic)<br>health<br>hazard |
|---|-------------|----------------------------------|----------|--|--|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | Yes.        | No.                              | No.      | No.                                      | No.                                      |
| Stoddard solvent                            | Yes.        | No.                              | No.      | No.                                      | Yes.                                     |
| Manganese dioxide                           | Yes.        | No.                              | No.      | Yes.                                     | No.                                      |
| Crystalline silica, quartz                  | No.         | No.                              | No.      | No.                                      | Yes.                                     |
| 2-Butanone oxime                            | No.         | No.                              | No.      | Yes.                                     | Yes.                                     |
| Ethylbenzene                                | Yes.        | No.                              | No.      | Yes.                                     | Yes.                                     |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy     | No.         | No.                              | No.      | No.                                      | Yes.                                     |

#### **SARA 313**

|                                 | Product name   | CAS number                                       |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Form R - Reporting requirements | Umber Manganese dioxide Aluminium oxide Ethylbenzene | 12713-03-0<br>1313-13-9<br>1344-28-1<br>100-41-4 |
| Supplier notification           | Umber Manganese dioxide Aluminium oxide Ethylbenzene | 12713-03-0<br>1313-13-9<br>1344-28-1<br>100-41-4 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Aluminium oxide; Stoddard solvent

New York : The following components are listed: Ethylbenzene

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Aluminium oxide; Crystalline silica, quartz;

Ethylbenzene; Stoddard solvent

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: Aluminium oxide; Manganese dioxide; Crystalline

silica, quartz; Umber; Ethylbenzene; Stoddard solvent

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.



### Section 15. Regulatory information

| Ingredient name            | Cancer | Reproductive |   | Maximum acceptable dosage level |
|----------------------------|--------|--------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Crystalline silica, quartz | Yes.   | No.          | No.   | No.                             |
| Ethylbenzene               | Yes.   |              | 41 μg/day (ingestion)<br>54 μg/day (inhalation) | No.                             |

### **Section 16. Other information**

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification                       | Justification   |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3       | Expert judgment |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1      | Expert judgment |
| GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B | Expert judgment |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A        | Expert judgment |

#### **History**

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#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

