Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Chalk Style Paint "Stillwater Blue"
Other means of identification : Not available.
Product code : Not available.
Product type : Liquid.

Identified uses : Paint for wood.

Manufacturer : General Finishes
2462 Corporate Circle
East Troy, WI 53120
U.S.A.
Phone no.: 262-642-4545
Toll free no.: 1-800-783-6050
Fax no.: 262-642-4707
Web: GeneralFinishes.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC, U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887 (24/7)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture : EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Precautionary statements
Prevention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Section 2. Hazards identification

**Response**
- P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
- P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

**Storage**
- P405 - Store locked up.

**Disposal**
- P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)**

**Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC)**
- None known.

**Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC)**
- None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture**
- Mixture

**Other means of identification**
- Not available.

**CAS number/other identifiers**

- CAS number: Not applicable.
- Product code: Not available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>≥10 - ≤20</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nepheline syenite</td>
<td>≥5 - ≤10</td>
<td>37244-96-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,2'-Ethyleneoxydiethyl bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
<td>≥1 - ≤3</td>
<td>94-28-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide</td>
<td>≥1 - ≤3</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane-1,2-diol</td>
<td>≥1 - ≤3</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline silica, respirable powder</td>
<td>≤0.3</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>≤0.3</td>
<td>872-50-4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

**Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**
- Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation**
- Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact**
- Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Section 4. First aid measures

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**Notes to physician**: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Potential acute health effects**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Eye contact</th>
<th>Causes serious eye irritation.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Eye contact</th>
<th>Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Notes to physician</th>
<th>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specific treatments</td>
<td>No specific treatment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection of first-aiders</td>
<td>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suitable extinguishing media</th>
<th>In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO&lt;sub&gt;2&lt;/sub&gt;.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unsuitable extinguishing media</td>
<td>None known.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**: This material is harmful to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: No special measures are required.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

United States

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide</td>
<td>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 6 mg/m³ 10 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane-1,2-diol</td>
<td>AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline silica, respirable powder</td>
<td>OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable. TWA: 10 MG/M3 / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Canada

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>List name</th>
<th>TWA (8 hours)</th>
<th>STEL (15 mins)</th>
<th>Ceiling</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Limestone</td>
<td>AB 4/2009</td>
<td>- 10 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AB 5/2015</td>
<td>- 3 ppm</td>
<td>- 10 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QC 1/2014</td>
<td>- 10 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>20 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SK</td>
<td>- 10 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>US ACGIH 3/2015</td>
<td>- 10 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AB 4/2009</td>
<td>- 10 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC 5/2015</td>
<td>- 3 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON 7/2015</td>
<td>- 10 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QC 1/2014</td>
<td>- 10 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SK</td>
<td>- 10 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>20 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nepheline syenite</td>
<td>ON 7/2015</td>
<td>- 10 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres</td>
<td>US ACGIH 3/2015</td>
<td>- 2 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AB 4/2009</td>
<td>- 2 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC 5/2015</td>
<td>- 2 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>0.1 f/cc</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON 7/2015</td>
<td>- 2 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>0.1 f/cc</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QC 1/2014</td>
<td>- 3 ppm</td>
<td>- -</td>
<td>2 f/cc</td>
<td>- -</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Hand protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Ensure that appropriate engineering controls are in place and that personal protective equipment is properly maintained and used.

### Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

### Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

### Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

### Form:

[a] Respirable dust  [b] Total dust  [c] Respirable fraction  [d] Respirable particulate.  [e] Respirable  [f] Respirable fraction: means that size fraction of the airborne particulate deposited in the gas-exchange region of the respiratory tract and collected during air sampling with a particle size-selective device that, (a) meets the ACGIH particle size-selective sampling criteria for airborne particulate matter; and (b) has the cut point of 4 μm at 50 percent collection efficiency.  [g] The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and < 1 per cent crystalline silica.  [h] Aerosol only.  [i] Vapor and aerosol
Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

- **Physical state**: Liquid. [Viscous.]
- **Color**: Blue.
- **Odor**: Slight
- **Odor threshold**: Not available.
- **pH**: 8 to 9
- **Melting point**: Not available.
- **Boiling point**: Not available.
- **Flash point**: Not available.
- **Evaporation rate**: Not available.
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not available.
- **Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits**: Not available.
- **Vapor pressure**: Not available.
- **Vapor density**: Not available.
- **Relative density**: Not available.
- **Solubility in water**: Not available.
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not available.
- **Auto-ignition temperature**: Not available.
- **Decomposition temperature**: Not available.
- **Viscosity**: Not available.
- **VOC content**: 20.732 g/L

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**: Protect from freezing.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous decomposition products**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,2'-Ethylenedioxydiethyl bis (2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>31 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane-1,2-diol</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>20800 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>8 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3914 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>72 hours 300 µg Intermittent 500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,2'-Ethylenedioxydiethyl bis (2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 25 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide</td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane-1,2-diol</td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Child</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>96 hours 30 % Continuous</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>168 hours 500 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>72 hours 104 mg Intermittent</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Woman</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>96 hours 30 %</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>EPA</th>
<th>NIOSH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2B</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A4</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A4</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A4</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium hydroxide</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline silica, respirable powder</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Known to be a human carcinogen.</td>
<td>A2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

Teratogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nepheline syenite</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

There is no data available.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure:
- Dermal contact.
- Eye contact.
- Inhalation.
- Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects:
- **Eye contact**: Causes serious eye irritation.
- **Inhalation**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:
- **Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - watering
  - redness
- **Inhalation**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

**Short term exposure**
- **Potential immediate effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Potential delayed effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Long term exposure**
- **Potential immediate effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Potential delayed effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects:
- **General**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Carcinogenicity**: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- **Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Teratogenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Developmental effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Fertility effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity:

**Acute toxicity estimates**
There is no data available.
Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>Acute LC50 3 mg/L Fresh water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane-1,2-diol</td>
<td>Acute LC50 6.5 mg/L Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 &gt;1000000 µg/L Marine water</td>
<td>Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 &lt;110 ppm Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 102000 µg/L Fresh water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 710000 µg/L Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Pimephales promelas</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP_{ow}</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>352</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,2'-Ethylenedioxydiethyl bis (2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>high</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane-1,2-diol</td>
<td>-0.71</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-methyl-2-pyrrrolidone</td>
<td>-0.46</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}): Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>DOT</th>
<th>TDG</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


**Section 14. Transport information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Packing group</th>
<th>-</th>
<th>-</th>
<th>-</th>
<th>-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**AERG**: Not applicable.

**Special precautions for user**: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Section 15. Regulatory information**

**U.S. Federal regulations**

- **TSCA 8(a) PAIR**: 2,2'-Ethylendioxydiethyl bis(2-ethylhexanoate)
- **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption**: Not determined
- **United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- **Clean Water Act (CWA) 307**: 29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32 copper
- **Clean Water Act (CWA) 311**: Maleic acid; Ammonia

- **Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)**: Listed
- **Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances**: Not listed
- **Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances**: Not listed
- **DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)**: Not listed
- **DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)**: Not listed

**SARA 302/304**

**Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ**: Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312**

**Classification**

- Immediate (acute) health hazard
- Delayed (chronic) health hazard

**Composition/information on ingredients**
## Section 15. Regulatory information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Fire hazard</th>
<th>Sudden release of pressure</th>
<th>Reactive</th>
<th>Immediate (acute) health hazard</th>
<th>Delayed (chronic) health hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nepheline syenite</td>
<td>≥5 - ≤10</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide</td>
<td>≥1 - ≤3</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane-1,2-diol</td>
<td>≥1 - ≤3</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline silica, respirable powder</td>
<td>≤0.3</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-methyl-2-pyrolidone</td>
<td>≤0.3</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SARA 313

No products were found.

### State regulations

- **Massachusetts**: The following components are listed: Limestone; Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres; Silicon dioxide; Titanium dioxide.
- **New York**: None of the components are listed.
- **New Jersey**: The following components are listed: Crystalline silica, respirable powder; Limestone; Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres; Propane-1,2-diol; Titanium dioxide.
- **Pennsylvania**: The following components are listed: Crystalline silica, respirable powder; Limestone; Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres; Silicon dioxide; Propane-1,2-diol; Titanium dioxide.

### California Prop. 65

**WARNING**: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**WARNING**: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Cancer</th>
<th>Reproductive</th>
<th>No significant risk level</th>
<th>Maximum acceptable dosage level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline silica, respirable powder</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-methyl-2-pyrolidone</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>3200 µg/day (inhalation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon black, respirable powder</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Canada

- **Canadian lists**
  - **Canadian NPRI**: None of the components are listed.
  - **CEPA Toxic substances**: None of the components are listed.
  - **Canada inventory**: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### History

- **Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy**: 02/15/2016
- **Version**: 1
- **Prepared by**: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.
Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations:
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- UN = United Nations

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