# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## **Early American Wood Stain**



# **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier : Early American Wood Stain

**Product code** : Not available. Other means of : Not available. identification

**Product type** : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : Water-based wood stain.

: General Finishes Manufacturer

> 2462 Corporate Circle East Troy, WI 53120

U.S.A.

Phone no.: 262-642-4545 Toll free no.: 1-800-783-6050 Fax no.: 262-642-4707 Web: GeneralFinishes.com

: CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

(24/7)

operation)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available

International: +1-703-527-3887

for employees and other users of this product.

Classification of the substance or mixture : Not classified.

**GHS label elements** 

Signal word : No signal word.

**Hazard statements** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : Not applicable. Response : Not applicable. : Not applicable. **Storage** : Not applicable. **Disposal** Hazards not otherwise : None known.

classified





# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of : Not available.
identification

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Propane-1,2-diol	≥3 - ≤5	57-55-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

## **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation

occurs.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get

medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)





# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers. water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

Advice on general occupational hygiene

- : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.





# Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

## **United States**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Propane-1,2-diol	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

### Canada

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Propane-1,2-diol	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).  TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Aerosol only  TWA: 155 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Vapor and aerosol  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Vapor and aerosol

# Appropriate engineering controls

**Environmental exposure** controls

- Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

## Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.





# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid. [Viscous.]

Color : Brown.

Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.

**pH** : 8 to 9

Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: Not available.Flash point: Not available.Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive: Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.03

Solubility : Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.Viscosity: Not available.VOC content: 173.266 g/LFlow time (ISO 2431): Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Protect from freezing.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.





# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

## Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		20800 mg/kg 20 g/kg	-

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Propane-1,2-diol	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg 100 mg	

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

## **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

## Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

### Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

## **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

There is no data available.

#### routes of exposure

Information on the likely

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

## Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General
 Carcinogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **Numerical measures of toxicity**

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

There is no data available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

## **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Propane-1,2-diol	Acute LC50 1020000 μg/L Fresh water		48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Propane-1,2-diol	-1.07	-	low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

## **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled





# Section 13. Disposal considerations

material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

**AERG**: Not applicable.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane; Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[(1,1,3,3tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]- $\omega$ -hydroxy-; Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -[4-(1,1,3,3tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]-ω-hydroxy-

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Commerce control list precursor: 2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Propionic acid; Propylene oxide; Cyclohexane

**Clean Air Act Section 112** 

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 **Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

**SARA 302/304** 

Composition/information on ingredients





# Section 15. Regulatory information

		SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Hydrazine Ethylene oxide Propylene oxide	Yes. Yes. Yes.	1000 1000 10000	119.9 - 1444.3	1 10 100	0.12 - 14.4

**SARA 304 RQ** : 3902197.6 lbs / 1771597.7 kg [454375.3 gal / 1719997.8 L]

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Not applicable. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Classification
Propane-1,2-diol	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

## **SARA 313**

There is no data available.

## **State regulations**

**Massachusetts** : None of the components are listed. **New York** : None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: Propane-1,2-diol **Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: Propane-1,2-diol

### California Prop. 65



MARNING: This product can expose you to Ethylene oxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Hydrazine, 1,4-Dioxane, Propylene oxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Ethanediol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www. P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
1 /	Yes.	-
1,4-Dioxane	Yes.	-
Ethylene oxide	Yes.	Yes.
Propylene oxide	-	-
Ethanediol	-	Yes.

#### Canada

## **Canadian lists**

**Canadian NPRI** : None of the components are listed. **CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory (DSL

NDSL)

: Not determined.



## **Section 16. Other information**

## Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Not classified.	

## **History**

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Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

## Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

