# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### Arm R Seal Satin



Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier	: Arm R Seal Satin	
Product code	: Not available.	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	: Not available.	
Manufacturer	: General Finishes 2462 Corporate Circle East Troy, WI 53120 U.S.A. Phone no.: 262-642-4545 Toll free no.: 1-800-783-6050 Fax no.: 262-642-4707 Web: GeneralFinishes.com	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC, U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887 (24/7)	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2</li> </ul>





Signal word

: Danger





Section 2. Hazard	s identification
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H340 - May cause genetic defects. H350 - May cause cancer. H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS)) H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.</li> <li>P233 - Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P272 (OSHA) - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.</li> <li>P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.</li> <li>P302 + P352 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up. P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	
Other means of	

Other means of identification

- : Mixture
- : Not available.





# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
	≥25 - ≤50 ≥25 - ≤50 ≤0.3	64742-47-8 8052-41-3 96-29-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	-	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

<u>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</u> <u>Potential acute health effects</u>				
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.			
Over-exposure signs/symptoms				
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness			
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness			

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet or water-based fire extinguishers.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: No specific data.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	





### Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.





# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **United States**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Stoddard solvent	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	CEIL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 2900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2-Butanone oxime	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skin sensitizer.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

#### <u>Canada</u>

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). Absorbed through skin.
Stoddard solvent	<ul> <li>TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 572 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</li> <li>TWA: 290 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 580 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</li> </ul>
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b> TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b> STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butanone oxime	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls Individual protection measures	<ul> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> </ul>

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >44°C (>111.2°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
VOC content	: 576.788 g/L



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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Butanone oxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Stoddard solvent	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant	Human Rabbit	-	100 ppm 24 hours 500 mg	-
2-Butanone oxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 µl	-

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Target organs
Stoddard solvent	Category 1	central nervous system (CNS)

#### Aspiration hazard



# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Result		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light       ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1         Stoddard solvent       ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1				
Stoudard Solveni		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Calegoly I		
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Dermal contact. Eye contact.	Inhalation. Ingestion.		
Potential acute health effects	<u>5</u>			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin re	action.		
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and	d enters airways.		
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicologic	al characteristics		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may inclu pain or irritation watering redness	ide the following:		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may inclu irritation redness	ide the following:		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may inclu nausea or vomiting	ide the following:		
Delayed and immediate effect	cts and also chronic effects from	<u>n short and long term exposure</u>		
<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.		
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.		
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.		
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.		
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>			
General		rough prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.		
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of c	ancer depends on duration and level of exposure.		
Mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.			
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.		
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.		
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.		

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.



## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
	Acute LC50 843000 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	high
2-Butanone oxime	0.63	2.5 to 5.8	Iow

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light)	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light)	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3		3
Packing group	111	Ш	111	Ш



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# Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.		Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
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**AERG** : 128

Additional information		
DOT Classification	nis product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by v aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquid of regulated as hazardous materials.	
TDG Classification	oduct classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous oods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). ne marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.	;
IMDG	ne marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 k	‹g.
ΙΑΤΑ	ne environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other ansportation regulations.	
Special precautions for user	<b>cansport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are pright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do e event of an accident or spillage.	

# Section 15. Regulatory information

•	-
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Benzene; Toluene
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Benzene; Toluene
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA 302/304	
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	





# Section 15. Regulatory information

Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous
	system (CNS)) - Category 1
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Stoddard solvent	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central
	nervous system (CNS)) - Category 1
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-Butanone oxime	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Čategory 4
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ ÉYE IRŘITATION - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

#### **SARA 313**

There is no data available.

#### State regulations

**Massachusetts** 

: The following components are listed: Stoddard solvent

New York

: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey

- : The following components are listed: Stoddard solvent
- Pennsylvania
- : The following components are listed: Stoddard solvent

#### California Prop. 65

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Crystalline silica, respirable powder, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings. ca.gov.

#### <u>Canada</u>

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI

- : The following components are listed: Stoddard solvent; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
- CEPA Toxic substances : Canada inventory (DSL : NDSL)
- : None of the components are listed.
  - : All components are listed or exempted.





### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous	Calculation method
system (CNS)) - Category 1	
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Expert judgment
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	Calculation method

#### **History**

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	: 05/15/2018
Date of previous issue	: 02/15/2017
Version	: 3
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

