г

Compliant SDS for GHS - Canada WHMIS 2015

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Brush & Gun Cleaner



Section 1. Identification	
GHS product identifier	: Brush & Gun Cleaner
Product code	: BLK018
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Cleaner.	

Supplier's details	: General Finishes 2462 Corporate Circle East Troy, WI 53120 U.S.A. Phone no.: 262-642-4545 Toll free no.: 1-800-783-6050 Fax no.: 262-642-4707 Web: GeneralFinishes.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887 (24/7)

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements	<u>b</u>
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.



Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Response	 P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified (US)	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	
Other means of	
identification	

: Mixture

: Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
2-Butoxyethanol	15 - 40	111-76-2
Isopropyl Alcohol	1 - 5	67-63-0

United States: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

Canada: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. 	
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. 	
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.	
-		



Section 4. First aid measures

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.



Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	o action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable train vacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personn intering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing va rovide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation adequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	el from apor or mist.
For emergency responders	specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any ection 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in nergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	void dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterwand sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused envirollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	ment and cleaning up	
Spill	op leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach releas	

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

United States

Occupational exposure limits



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-Butoxyethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Isopropyl Alcohol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Canada

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
2-Butoxyethanol	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 97 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 97 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.		
Isopropyl Alcohol	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 15 min OEL: 984 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 492 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).		

Tel:+1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) www.kmkregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.ghssmart.com



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

1			
	TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 983 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 1230 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,		
	7/2013). STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.		
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.		
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>		
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.		
Osstism O Dhussis	al and chamical proportion		

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Blue.
Odor	: Solvent.
Odor threshold	: Not available.

Tel: +1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) www.kmkregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.ghssmart.com



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

рН	: Not available.
Melting/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.948
Solubility	: Soluble in water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
VOC content	: 888 g/L
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Butoxyethanol Isopropyl Alcohol	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit	917 mg/kg 12800 mg/kg 5000 mg/kg	- -

Irritation/Corrosion





Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	mg 100 mg 500 mg	-
Isopropyl Alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg 10 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	100 mg 500 mg	-

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-Butoxyethanol Isopropyl Alcohol	-	3 3	-

Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

Teratogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Isopropyl Alcohol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

There is no data available.

routes of	exposure	
Potential	acute hea	Ith effects

i otentiai acute nearth encets		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	;	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics







Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure							
<u>Short term exposure</u>	Short term exposure						
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
<u>Long term exposure</u>							
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Potential chronic health eff	<u>cts</u>						
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.						

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ Derr kg) (mg/		Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Brush & Gun Cleaner	2362.1	2833.4	N/A	28.3	N/A
2-Butoxyethanol	917	1100	N/A	11	N/A
Isopropyl Alcohol	5000	12800	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 800000 μg/L Marine water Acute LC50 1250000 μg/L Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Menidia beryllina	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours	
Isopropyl Alcohol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 1400000 µg/L Marine water Acute LC50 4200 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours	





Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
Isopropyl Alcohol	0.05	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and
	sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

AERG : Not applicable





Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user	1	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the
		event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

•	•			
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Ex	empt/Partial exemption: Not determined		
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed			
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed			
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed			
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed			
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed			
SARA 302/304				
Composition/information	<u>on ingredients</u>			
No products were found.				
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.			
<u>SARA 311/312</u>				
Classification		RRITATION - Category 2 AGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A		
Composition/information	<u>on ingredients</u>			
Name	%	Classification		
2-Butoxyethanol	≥25 - ≤45	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A		
Isopropyl Alcohol	≥3 - ≤5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2		

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≥25 - ≤45
Supplier notification	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≥25 - ≤45

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A



Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations			
Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Isopropyl Alcohol		
New York	: None of the components are listed.		
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Isopropyl Alcohol		
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Isopropyl Alcohol		
<u>California Prop. 65</u>			
This product does not r	uire a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.		
<u>Canadian lists</u>			
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Isopropyl Alcohol		
CEPA Toxic substances	: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol		
International regulations			
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals			
Not listed.			
Montreal Protocol			
Not listed.			
Stockholm Convention on	ersistent Organic Pollutants		
Not listed.			
Pottordom Convention on	ior Informed Consent (PIC)		
Not listed.			
UNECE Aarhus Protocol of	<u>'OPs and Heavy Metals</u>		
Not listed.			
Inventory list			
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.		
United States (TSCA 8b)	: All components are active or exempted.		

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	Calculation method Calculation method

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 01/15/2021
Date of previous issue	: 06/15/2018
Version	: 4
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.





Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations
Notice to see dow	

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

