# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **Exterior 450 Stain Aged Gray**



### **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier : Exterior 450 Stain Aged Gray

Product code : Not available.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Exterior wood stain.

Supplier's details : General Finishes

2462 Corporate Circle East Troy, WI 53120

U.S.A.

Phone no.: 262-642-4545 Toll free no.: 1-800-783-6050 Fax no.: 262-642-4707 Web: GeneralFinishes.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300

International: +1-703-527-3887

(24/7)

## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

**OSHA/HCS status** 

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 



### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Prevention** : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

: P405 - Store locked up. Storage

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national **Disposal** 

and international regulations.

**Hazards not otherwise** 

classified (US)

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: None known.

Substance/mixture Mixture : Not available. Other means of identification

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	1 - 5	13463-67-7
Carbendazim	<0.1	10605-21-7
3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	<0.1	55406-53-6
N'-tert-butyl-N-cyclopropyl-6-(methylthio)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine	<0.1	28159-98-0
2-Methyl-1,2-thiazol-3(2H)-one - 5-chloro-2-methyl-1,2-thiazol-3(2H)-one	<0.1	55965-84-9

United States: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

Canada: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20

minutes. Get medical attention.

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before

reuse.

**Eye contact** 

Inhalation



### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.



## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 37.778°C (32 to 100°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.





# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **United States**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Carbendazim 3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate N'-tert-butyl-N-cyclopropyl-6-(methylthio)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine 2-Methyl-1,2-thiazol-3(2H)-one - 5-chloro-2-methyl-1,2-thiazol-3(2H)-one	None. None. None.

#### **Canada**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).  TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust  TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).  TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).  TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

#### **Skin protection**





## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Opaque.]

Color : Gray. Odor : Slight

: Not available. **Odor threshold** pН 7.8 to 8.5 Melting/freezing point : Not available. Initial boiling point and : Not available.

boiling range

: Not available. Flash point : Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits

: Not available. **Vapor pressure** : Not available. Vapor density

**Relative density** 1.03

: Soluble in water. Solubility : Not available. Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): 200 to 400 mPa·s (200 to 400 cP)

**VOC** content : 180 g/L Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.





## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** 

: Protect from freezing.

**Incompatible materials** 

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Carbendazim	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5050 mg/kg	-
3-lodo-2-propynyl	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-
butylcarbamate				
2-Methyl-1,2-thiazol-3(2H)-	LD50 Oral	Rat	53 mg/kg	-
one - 5-chloro-2-methyl-				
1,2-thiazol-3(2H)-one				

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

There is no data available.

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium dioxide	-	2B	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)





## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Category 1	-	larynx

#### **Aspiration hazard**

There is no data available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

**Acute toxicity estimates** 





# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	(gases)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Carbendazim 3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate 2-Methyl-1,2-thiazol-3(2H)-one - 5-chloro-2-methyl- 1,2-thiazol-3(2H)-one	N/A	2000	N/A	N/A	N/A
	1470	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
	53	50	N/A	0.5	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/L Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Carbendazim	Acute EC50 19.0562 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus acutus var. acutus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 20 μg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 77 μg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Ictalurus punctatus - Yolk-sac fry	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 10 μg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex - Adult	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 3.1 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Acute LC50 500 ppb Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca	48 hours
1	Acute LC50 40 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 67 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 8.4 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days
N'-tert-butyl-N-cyclopropyl-6- (methylthio)-1,3,5-triazine- 2,4-diamine	Acute EC50 0.098 μg/L Marine water	Algae - Fibrocapsa japonica	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.056 µg/L Fresh water	Algae - Ulnaria ulna	96 hours
	Acute EC50 5.3 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.556 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Balanus albicostatus - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.75 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 0.0018 µg/L Fresh water	Algae - Ulnaria ulna	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.58 to 0.61 µg/L Marine water	Aquatic plants - Plantae	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.00402 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	95 days

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**





### **Section 12. Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Carbendazim	1.52	2.51	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (N'-tert-butyl- N-cyclopropyl-6-(methylthio) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, Carbendazim)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (N'-tert-butyl- N-cyclopropyl-6-(methylthio) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, Carbendazim)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (N'-tert-butyl- N-cyclopropyl-6-(methylthio) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, Carbendazim)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (N'-tert-butyl- N-cyclopropyl-6-(methylthio) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diamine, Carbendazim)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

**AERG**: 171

**Additional information** 





## **Section 14. Transport information**

**DOT Classification** 

: Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity, unless transported by inland waterway. The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Reportable quantity 34969.2 lbs / 15876 kg [4071.8 gal / 15413.6 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

**TDG Classification** 

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported by road or rail.

**IMDG** 

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

Emergency schedules F-A, S-F

**IATA** 

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules: N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone

TSCA 8(a) PAIR: (2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Commerce control list precursor: Triethanolamine

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Triethylamine; Sodium hydroxide

**Clean Air Act Section 112** 

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

**SARA 302/304** 

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.





## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **SARA 311/312**

Classification : CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Titanium dioxide	≥1 - ≤3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

#### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide **Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide

#### California Prop. 65

⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, Carbon black and Diethanolamine, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www. P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Titanium dioxide Carbon black	-	-
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone Diethanolamine	-	Yes.

#### **Canadian lists**

**Canadian NPRI** : None of the components are listed. **CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.

#### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Triethanolamine	Schedule III	Listed

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Canada : Not determined. **United States (TSCA 8b)** : Not determined.





### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	Calculation method Calculation method
, , ,	Calculation method

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of

revision

Date of previous issue

Version :

Prepared by Key to abbreviations : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

: 12/15/2020

: Not applicable

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

**UN = United Nations** 

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

