# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## White Poly Flat



# **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier : White Poly Flat **Product code** : Not available.

Other means of identification

: Not available.

**Product type** : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : Not available.

: General Finishes Manufacturer

> 2462 Corporate Circle East Troy, WI 53120

U.S.A.

Phone no.: 262-642-4545 Toll free no.: 1-800-783-6050 Fax no.: 262-642-4707 Web: GeneralFinishes.com

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887

(24/7)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

**GHS label elements** 

**Hazard pictograms** 



Signal word Warning

: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. **Hazard statements** 

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

> P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.

: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. Response

**Storage** P405 - Store locked up.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.





# Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazards not otherwise** 

: None known.

classified

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide (2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol Aluminium hydroxide Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystfree	10 - 30 1 - 5 1 - 5 1 - 5	13463-67-7 34590-94-8 21645-51-2 112945-52-5

United States: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of \$1910.1200.

Canada: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

## Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** 

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.





# Section 4. First aid measures

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).



## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

## **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

## **United States**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 909 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 600 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours.



# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Aluminium hydroxide

TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction Silica, amorphous, fumed, cryst.-free NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.

#### Canada

## Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin.  8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.  15 min OEL: 909 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  8 hrs OEL: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours.  15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Absorbed through skin.  TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.  STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEV: 909 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Aluminium hydroxide	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).  TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).  TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

#### Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual protection measures**

## **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## **Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.





# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : White.

Odor : Not available. **Odor threshold** : Not available. pН : 8.3 to 8.6 **Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point** : Not available. : Not available. Flash point : Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.

Relative density : 1.14

Solubility : Not available.

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

**Viscosity** 

Not available.Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not a

: Dynamic (room temperature): 300 mPa·s (300 cP)

VOC content : 185.516 g/L
Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.



# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous** 

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

reactions

: No specific data.

**Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials** 

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous decomposition** products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

## Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystfree	LD50 Oral	Rat	3160 mg/kg	-

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

## Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

#### Carcinogenicity

## **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystfree	-	3	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

## **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Target organs
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystfree	Category 3	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

There is no data available.





# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Ingestion.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

There is no data available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/L Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.





# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	0.004	-	low

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

**AERG**: Not applicable

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.





# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Toluene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Ammonia; Toluene; Cyclohexane; Triethylamine

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

**SARA 302/304** 

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	Classification
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystfree	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

#### **SARA 313**

There is no data available.

## **State regulations**

**Massachusetts**: The following components are listed: (2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol; Titanium

dioxide

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: (2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol; Titanium

dioxide

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: (2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol; Titanium

dioxide

#### California Prop. 65



**WARNING**: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide and Crystalline silica, respirable powder, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Perfluorooctanoic acid and Toluene, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### Canada

**Canadian lists** 

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: (2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol; 1-(2-Butoxy-

1-methylethoxy)propan-2-ol

**CEPA Toxic substances**: None of the components are listed.





# Section 15. Regulatory information

Canada inventory (DSL : N NDSL)

## : Not determined.

# **Section 16. Other information**

## Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method

#### **History**

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy : 02/28/2020 Date of previous issue : 05/15/2018

Version : 4

Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

