

SAFETY DATA SHEET

GF Gel Stain American Oak



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : GF Gel Stain American Oak
Product code : Not available.
Other means of identification : Not available.
Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Wood stain.

Supplier's details : General Finishes
 2462 Corporate Circle
 East Troy, WI 53120
 U.S.A.
 Phone no.: 262-642-4545
 Toll free no.: 1-800-783-6050
 Fax no.: 262-642-4707
 Web: GeneralFinishes.com

Supplier's details for Canada

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887 (24/7)

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1
 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger



Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

- Hazard statements** :
- H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.
 - H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 - H340 - May cause genetic defects.
 - H350 - May cause cancer.
 - H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))
 - H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

- Prevention** :
- P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
 - P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
 - P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
 - P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 - P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
 - P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
 - P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 - P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
 - P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

- Response** :
- P391 - Collect spillage.
 - P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
 - P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
 - P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
 - P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

- Storage** :
- P405 - Store locked up.

- Disposal** :
- P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

- Hazards not otherwise classified (US)** :
- None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	15 - 40	64742-88-7
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	15 - 40	64742-47-8
Ethanol	1 - 5	64-17-5
Stoddard solvent	1 - 5	8052-41-3
Umber	1 - 5	12713-03-0
Xylene	0.5 - 1.5	1330-20-7
2-Butanone oxime	0.1 - 1	96-29-7
Ethylbenzene	0.1 - 1	100-41-4
Crystalline silica, respirable powder	0.1 - 1	14808-60-7
Carbon black, respirable powder	0.1 - 1	1333-86-4

United States: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

Canada: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

United States

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Stoddard solvent	<p>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours. CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2900 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p>
Umber	<p>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Mn) 10 hours. Form: Fume STEL: 3 mg/m³, (as Mn) 15 minutes. Form: Fume ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). CEIL: 5 mg/m³, (as Mn)</p>
Xylene	<p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p>
2-Butanone oxime	<p>AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2020). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</p>
Ethylbenzene	<p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p>
Crystalline silica, respirable powder	<p>OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO₂+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO₂+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</p>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Carbon black, respirable powder	<p>TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust</p> <p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</p> <p>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust</p> <p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</p> <p>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs/cm³ 10 hours.</p> <p>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p>
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Canada

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
<p>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.</p> <p>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light</p> <p>Ethanol</p> <p>Stoddard solvent</p>	<p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p> <p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.</p> <p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.</p> <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.</p> <p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 1880 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p> <p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1880 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p> <p>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 572 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020).</p>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Umber

TWA: 290 mg/m³ 8 hours.
 STEL: 580 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
 TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).
 TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
 TWAEV: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
 STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
 TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020).
 TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hours. Form: Respirable
 TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Mn, Total) 8 hours.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).
 TWAEV: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hours. Form: Total dust.
CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
 8 hrs OEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hours.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
 TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
 STEL: 0.6 mg/m³, (measured as Mn) 15 minutes.
 TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (measured as Mn) 8 hours.

Xylene

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020).
 TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
 STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).
 TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
 TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.
 STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
 STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
 STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
 TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
 STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
 TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

2-Butanone oxime

AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2020). Skin sensitizer.

Ethylbenzene

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Crystalline silica, respirable powder

Carbon black, respirable powder

15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020).
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).
TWA_{EV}: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWA_{EV}: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
STEV: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020).
TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).
TWA_{EV}: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter
CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020).
TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable particulate matter.
CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).
TWA_{EV}: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
STEL: 7 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Viscous gel.]

Color : Brown.

Odor : Solvent.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: >44°C (>111.2°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic: 700 to 1500 mPa·s (700 to 1500 cP)
VOC content	: <550 g/L
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-Butanone oxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Carbon black, respirable powder	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667 minutes 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 µL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Stoddard solvent	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	100 ppm	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 µL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
2-Butanone oxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 µL	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 mg	-

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Crystalline silica, respirable powder	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
Carbon black, respirable powder	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

Teratogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-Butanone oxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
Stoddard solvent	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
2-Butanone oxime	Category 2	-	blood system
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
Crystalline silica, respirable powder	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory tract

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Stoddard solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GF Gel Stain American Oak	N/A	94443.1	429287	N/A	N/A
Ethanol	7000	N/A	N/A	124.7	N/A
Xylene	4300	1100	5000	N/A	N/A
2-Butanone oxime	100	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Ethanol	Acute EC50 3306 mg/L Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1074 mg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5680 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11000000 µg/L Marine water	Fish - Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/L Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 µl/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 µl/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks
2-Butanone oxime	Acute LC50 843000 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13.3 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.9 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Carbon black, respirable powder	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Ethanol	-0.35	-	low
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	high
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-Butanone oxime	0.63	2.5 to 5.8	low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low

Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.







Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Xylene	1330-20-7	Listed	U239

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3  	3  	3 
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

AERG : 128

Additional information

Section 14. Transport information

- DOT Classification** : This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.
Reportable quantity 8585.7 lbs / 3897.9 kg. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
- TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).
The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.
- IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
- IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
- Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

- U.S. Federal regulations** : **TSCA 4(a) final test rules:** Oils, lard, Me esters
TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Benzaldehyde; (2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol; Oils, lard, Me esters
TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Ethylbenzene; Toluene; Benzene
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Xylene; Ethylbenzene; Isobutyl acetate; n-Butyl acetate; Toluene; Benzene
- Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed
- Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed
- Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed
- DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed
- DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed
- SARA 302/304**
Composition/information on ingredients
No products were found.
- SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.
- SARA 311/312**

Section 15. Regulatory information

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	≥25 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	≥25 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethanol	≥3 - ≤4.5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Stoddard solvent	≥1 - ≤2.2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
Xylene	≥1 - ≤1.3	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
2-Butanone oxime	≥0.3 - <1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Ethylbenzene	≥0.3 - <1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Crystalline silica, respirable powder	≤0.3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
Carbon black, respirable powder	≤0.3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SARA 313

Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Umber	12713-03-0	≥1 - ≤3
	Xylene	1330-20-7	≥1 - ≤3
	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≥0.3 - <1
Supplier notification	Umber	12713-03-0	≥1 - ≤3
	Xylene	1330-20-7	≥1 - ≤3
	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≥0.3 - <1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

- Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: Ethanol; Stoddard solvent; Xylene
- New York** : The following components are listed: Xylene
- New Jersey** : The following components are listed: Ethanol; Stoddard solvent; Xylene; Ethylbenzene; Crystalline silica, respirable powder; Carbon black, respirable powder
- Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: Ethanol; Stoddard solvent; Umber; Xylene
- California Prop. 65**

⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, Crystalline silica, respirable powder, Carbon black, respirable powder and Cumene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Ethylbenzene	Yes.	-
Crystalline silica, respirable powder	-	-
Carbon black, respirable powder	-	-
Cumene	-	-
Toluene	-	Yes.
Benzene	Yes.	Yes.

Canadian lists

- Canadian NPRI** : The following components are listed: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Ethanol; Stoddard solvent; Umber; Xylene
- CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Inventory list

- Canada** : All components are listed or exempted.
United States (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	Calculation method

History

- Date of issue/Date of revision** : 07/15/2021
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Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.
Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations

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