# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### Sealacell Clear



### **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier : Sealacell Clear
Product code : Not available.
Other means of : Not available.

identification Product type

: Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Wood sealer.

Supplier's details : General Finishes

2462 Corporate Circle East Troy, WI 53120

U.S.A.

Phone no.: 262-642-4545 Toll free no.: 1-800-783-6050 Fax no.: 262-642-4707 Web: GeneralFinishes.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300 Internat

^ /4/7) International: +1-703-527-3887

Supplier's details for Canada

(24/7)

## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

**OSHA/HCS status** 

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger



### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

#### **Hazard statements**

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central

nervous system (CNS))

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### Prevention

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P301 + P310, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** 

: P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified (US)

: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

| Ingredient name                             | % (w/w) | CAS number |
|---|---------|------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.  | 60 - 80 | 64742-88-7 |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | 3 - 7   | 64742-47-8 |
| Ethylbenzene                                | 0.1 - 1 | 100-41-4   |
| 2-Butanone oxime                            | 0.1 - 1 | 96-29-7    |

United States: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

Canada: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial

respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact**: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth

with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar.

tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)





## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: No specific data.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.



## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **United States**

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name                             | Exposure limits                         |
|---|---|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.  | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).       |
|   | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.                   |
|   | TWA: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.     |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).      |
|   | Absorbed through skin.                  |
|   | TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon   |
|   | vapor) 8 hours.                         |
| Ethylbenzene                                | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).      |
|   | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.                    |
|   | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).     |
|   | TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.                  |
|   | TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours.                |
|   | STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.               |
|   | STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes.             |
|   | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).       |
|   | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.                   |
|   | TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.                 |
| 2-Butanone oxime                            | AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2020). Skin |
|   | sensitizer.                             |



# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

#### Canada

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name                             | Exposure limits  |
|---|--|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.  | CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).<br>TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours.   |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  Absorbed through skin.  8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon   |
| Ethylbenzene                                | vapour) 8 hours.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.  8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.  15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020).  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).  TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  STEV: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 2-Butanone oxime                            | AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2020). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.   |

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual protection measures**





### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear.]

Color : Tan.

Odor : Solvent.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and : Not available.

boiling range

**Flash point** : Closed cup: 37.8 to 61°C (100 to 141.8°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.

Relative density : 0.844





### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility : Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: 100 to 300 mPa·s (100 to 300 cP)

VOC content : <565 g/L
Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. reactions

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result      | Species | Dose        | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Ethylbenzene            | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | 3500 mg/kg  | -        |
| 2-Butanone oxime        | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | 930 mg/kg   | -        |

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                 | Species | Score | Exposure    | Observation |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------|-------------|-------------|
| Ethylbenzene            | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 500 mg      | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 15 | -           |
|                         |                        |         |       | mg          |             |
| 2-Butanone oxime        | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 µL      | -           |

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**





## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### **Classification**

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Ethylbenzene            | -    | 2B   | -   |

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name             |            | Route of exposure | Target organs              |
|------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| 2-Butanone oxime | Category 1 | -                 | upper respiratory<br>tract |
|                  | Category 3 |                   | Narcotic effects           |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                                       | Category                 | Route of exposure | Target organs                   |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Category 1               | -                 | central nervous<br>system (CNS) |
|  | Category 2<br>Category 2 |                   | hearing organs<br>blood system  |

#### **Aspiration hazard**

| Name  | Result   |
|---|--|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

### Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure





## Section 11. Toxicological information

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a

severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Product/ingredient name | ( 3  | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | (gases) | (vapors) | Inhalation<br>(dusts and<br>mists) (mg/<br>I) |
|-------------------------|------|-------------------|---------|----------|---|
| Ethylbenzene            | 3500 | N/A               | N/A     | 11       | N/A   |
| 2-Butanone oxime        | 100  | 1100              | N/A     | N/A      | N/A   |

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name                     | Result                             | Species                              | Exposure |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | Acute LC50 2200 μg/L Fresh water   | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus           | 4 days   |
| Ethylbenzene                                | Acute LC50 13.3 mg/L Marine water  | Crustaceans - Artemia sp<br>Nauplii  | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 13.9 mg/L Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate | 48 hours |
| 2-Butanone oxime                            | Acute LC50 843000 μg/L Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas           | 96 hours |

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF        | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|------------|-----------|
| Ethylbenzene            | 3.6    | -          | low       |
| 2-Butanone oxime        | 0.63   | 2.5 to 5.8 | low       |

#### **Mobility in soil**





### **Section 12. Ecological information**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

Not available

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

|                            | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | IMDG   | IATA   |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|
| UN number                  | UN1263             | UN1263             | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name    | PAINT              | PAINT              | PAINT  | PAINT  |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3                  | 3                  | 3      | 3      |
| Packing group              | III                | III                | III    | III    |
| Environmental hazards      | No.                | No.                | No.    | No.    |

**AERG** : 128

# Additional information DOT Classification

: This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.

**Reportable quantity** 11354.4 lbs / 5154.9 kg [1613.5 gal / 6107.7 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

**TDG Classification** 

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).



### **Section 14. Transport information**

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

**U.S. Federal regulations** : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: (2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol

> TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Ethylbenzene; Toluene; Benzene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Xylene; Ethylbenzene; Toluene; Benzene

**Clean Air Act Section 112** 

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

**SARA 302/304** 

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

| Name                                       | %         | Classification   |
|--|-----------|--|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | ≥50 - ≤75 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1                           |
| Distillates (petroleum),                   | ≥5 - ≤10  | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  |
| hydrotreated light                         |           | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1   |
| Ethylbenzene                               | ≥0.3 - <1 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
|  |           | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2                             |



### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

|                  |      | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                     |
|------------------|------|--|
| 2-Butanone oxime | ≤0.3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4                     |
|                  |      | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3                 |
|                  |      | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4               |
|                  |      | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2             |
|                  |      | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1    |
|                  |      | SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1                    |
|                  |      | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B                      |
|                  |      | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - |
|                  |      | Category 1   |
|                  |      | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)   |
|                  |      | (Narcotic effects) - Category 3                    |
|                  |      | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED           |
|                  |      | EXPOSURE) - Category 2                             |

#### **SARA 313**

|                                 | Product name | CAS number | %         |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Form R - Reporting requirements | Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4   | ≥0.3 - <1 |
| Supplier notification           | Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4   | ≥0.3 - <1 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts : None of the components are listed. **New York** : None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: Ethylbenzene **Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: Linseed oil

#### California Prop. 65



MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene and Cumene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www. P65Warnings.ca.gov.

| Ingredient name        | •      | Maximum acceptable dosage level |
|------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene<br>Cumene | Yes.   | -                               |
| Toluene                | -<br>- | Yes.                            |
| Benzene                | Yes.   | Yes.                            |

#### **Canadian lists**

**Canadian NPRI** : The following components are listed: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.;

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

**CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**





### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

**Inventory list** 

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.United States (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification  | Justification         |
|---|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3                                  | On basis of test data |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1                                 | Calculation method    |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1                                    | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 | Calculation method    |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                                  | Expert judgment       |
| AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3                             | Calculation method    |
| AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3                         | Calculation method    |

#### **History**

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Notice to reader

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